

**Chapter 27  
TAXATION**

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## Chapter 27 TAXATION

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### ARTICLE I. GROSS RECEIPTS TAXES

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#### DIVISION 1. GENERALLY

**Secs. 27-76 to 27-100. Reserved.**

#### DIVISION 2. MUNICIPAL GROSS RECEIPTS TAX

**Sec. 27-101. Definitions.**

The definitions in the state Gross Receipts and compensating Tax Act [NMSA 1978, §7-9-1 et seq.] are hereby adopted by reference as if set out at length in this division. Such definitions shall apply to this division.

(Code 2007, 27-101)

**Sec. 27-102. Imposition of Tax.**

There is imposed on any person engaging in business in this city for the privilege of engaging in business in this city an excise tax equal to one and one-fourth of a percent (1-1/4%) of the gross receipts reported or required to be reported by the person pursuant to the state Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act [NMSA 1978, §7-9-1 et seq.] as it now exists or is amended. The tax imposed under this division is pursuant to the Municipal Gross Receipts Tax Act [NMSA 1978, §7-19-1 et seq.] as it now exists or is amended and shall be known as the "*Municipal Gross Receipts Tax*."

(Ord. 2018-482, eff, 2018-Sept-19, Tax effective 2019-Jan-1; Code 2007, 27-102)

**Sec. 27-103. Specific Exemptions.**

No municipal gross receipts tax shall be imposed on the gross receipts arising from:

1. Transporting persons or property for hire by railroad, motor vehicle, air transportation or any other means from one point within the municipality to another point outside the municipality;
2. A business located outside the boundaries of a municipality on land owned by that municipality for which a state gross receipts tax distribution is made pursuant to Subsection C of Section 7-1-6.4 NMSA 1978; or
3. Direct broadcast satellite services.

(Ord. 2018-482, eff, 2018-Sept-19, Tax effective 2019-Jan-1; Code 2007, 27-102)

**Sec. 27-104. Exemptions and Deductions.**

The tax levied by this article shall be subject to all exemptions and deductions provided for in the state Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act [NMSA 1978, § 7-9-1 et seq.], other than those which are specifically made inapplicable to municipal gross receipt taxes, and such exemptions and deductions are hereby adopted by reference as if set out at length in this division.

(Code 2007, 27-104)

**Sec. 27-105. Use of Receipts.**

Revenue from the municipal gross receipts tax will be used for the purpose(s) listed below:

- 1) General Fund of the City of Aztec

(Ord. 2018-482, eff, 2018-Sept-19, Tax effective 2019-Jan-1; Code 2007, 27-102)

**Secs. 27-106 to 27-120. Reserved.****DIVISION 3. SUPPLEMENTAL GROSS RECEIPTS TAX****Sec. 27-121. Definitions.**

The definitions in the state Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act [NMSA 1978, § 7-9-1 et seq.] are hereby adopted by reference as if set out at length in this division. Such definitions shall apply to this division.

(Code 2007, 27-121)

**Sec. 27-122. Intent and Purpose.**

Pursuant to the Supplemental Municipal Gross Receipts Tax Act [NMSA 1978, §7-19-10 et seq.], which authorizes municipalities to enact a supplemental municipal gross receipts tax, it is hereby declared the purpose and intent of the commission to enact this division, imposing a gross receipts tax in compliance with the Supplemental Municipal Gross Receipts Tax Act [NMSA 1978, § 7-19-1 et seq.]. It is further declared the purpose and intent of this division to conform to the definitions and applicable gross receipts tax provisions of the state Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act [NMSA 1978, § 7-9-1 et seq.] and any interpretation of this division should be in conformity with the applicable sections of the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act [NMSA 1978, §7-9-1 et seq.].

(Code 2007, 27-123)

**Sec. 27-123. Imposed.**

There is hereby imposed on any person engaging in business in the city for the privilege of engaging in business in the city an excise tax to be referred to as the "*Supplemental Municipal Gross Receipts Tax*." The rate of the tax shall be equal to one-fourth of one (1) percent of the gross receipts of the person engaging in business.

(Code 2007, 27-123)

**Sec. 27-124. Exemptions and Deductions.**

The tax levied by this division shall be subject to all exemptions and deductions provided for in the state Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act [NMSA 1978, § 7-9-1 et seq.], other than those which are specifically made inapplicable to supplemental municipal gross receipt taxes, and such exemptions and deductions are hereby adopted by reference as if set out at length in this division.

(Code 2007, 27-124)

**Sec. 27-125. Specific Exemptions.**

No supplemental municipal gross receipts tax shall be imposed on the gross receipts arising from:

1. The transmission of messages by wire or other means from one (1) point within the city to another point outside the city;
2. Transporting persons or property for hire by railroad, motor vehicle, air transportation or any other means from one (1) point within the city to another point outside the city; or .
3. A business located outside the boundaries of a city on land owned by that city for which a gross receipts tax distribution is made pursuant to NMSA 1978, § 7-1-6(D)(3).

(Code 2007, 27-125)

**Sec. 27-126. Use of Receipts.**

The proceeds of the tax imposed by this division shall be dedicated to the general fund of the city.

(Code 2007, 27-126)

**Secs. 27-127 to 27-145. Reserved.****DIVISION 4. RESERVED****Secs. 27-146 to 27-150. Reserved.****DIVISION 5. MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GROSS RECEIPTS TAX****Sec. 27-151. Imposed.**

There is imposed on any person engaging in business in this municipality for the privilege of engaging in business in this municipality an excise tax equal to one-quarter (1/4) of one percent [one-eighth (1/8) effective 1 July 1992; one-eight (1/8) effective 1 July 2004] of the gross receipts reported or required to be reported by the person pursuant to the New Mexico Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act as it now exists or as it may be amended. The tax imposed under this division is pursuant to the Municipal Local Option Gross Receipts Tax Act as it now

exists or as it may be amended and shall be known as the “*Municipal Infrastructure Gross Receipts Tax.*”

(Code 2007, 27-151)

### **Sec. 27-152. General Provisions.**

This division hereby adopts by reference all definitions, exemptions and deductions contained in the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act as it now exists or as it may be amended.

(Code 2007, 27-152)

### **Sec. 27-153. Specific Exemptions.**

No municipal infrastructure gross receipts tax shall be imposed on the gross receipts arising from:

1. Transporting persons or property for hire by railroad, motor vehicle, air transportation or any other means from one point within the municipality to another point outside the municipality;
2. A business located outside the boundaries of a municipality or land owned by that municipality for which a state gross receipts tax distribution is made pursuant to Subsection C of Section 7-1-6.4 NMSA 1978; or
3. Direct broadcast satellite services.

(Code 2007, 27-153)

### **Sec. 27-154. Dedication.**

Revenue from the municipal infrastructure gross receipts tax will be used for the purposes listed below:

1. Payment of special obligation bonds issued pursuant to a revenue bond act;
2. Design, repair, replacement, construction, or acquisition, of infrastructure improvements, including but not limited to sanitary sewer lines, storm sewers and other drainage improvements, water, water rights, water lines and utilities, streets, alleys, rights of way, easements, and land within the municipality or within the extraterritorial zone of the municipality;
3. Municipal general purposes;
4. Design, acquiring, constructing, extending, bettering, repairing or otherwise improving or operating or maintaining public transit systems or regional transit systems or authorities; and
5. Furthering or implementing economic development plans and projects as defined in the Local Economic Development Act or projects as defined in the Statewide Economic Development Finance Act.

(Code 2007, 27-154)

**Sec. 27-155. Effective Date.**

The effective date of the municipal infrastructure gross receipts tax shall be either January 1 or July 1, whichever date occurs first after the expiration of three (3) months from the date when the results of the election are certified to be in favor of the ordinance's adoption and the adopted ordinance is delivered or mailed to the taxation and revenue department.

(Code 2007, 27-155)

**Secs. 27-156 to 27-160. Reserved.****DIVISION 6. MUNICIPAL ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES GROSS RECEIPTS TAX****Sec. 27-161. Imposition of Tax.**

There is imposed on any person engaging in business in this municipality for the privilege of engaging in business in this municipality an excise tax equal to one sixteenth (1/16) of one percent of the gross receipts reported or required to be reported by the person pursuant to the New Mexico Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act as it now exists or as it may be amended. The tax imposed under this division is pursuant to the Municipal Local Option Gross Receipts Taxes Act as it now exists or as it may be amended and shall be known as the "*Municipal Environmental Services Gross Receipts Tax*."

(Code 2007, 27-161)

**Sec. 27-162. General Provisions.**

This division hereby adopts by reference all definitions, exemptions and deductions contained in the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act as it now exists or as it may be amended.

(Code 2007, 27-162)

**Sec. 27-163. Specific Exemptions.**

No municipal environmental services gross receipts tax shall be imposed on the gross receipts arising from:

1. Transporting person or property for hire by railroad, motor vehicle, air transportation or any other person from one point within the municipality;
2. A business located outside the boundaries of a municipality on land owned by that municipality for which a state gross receipts tax distribution is made pursuant to Subsection C of § 7-1-6.4 NMSA 1978; or
3. Direct broadcast satellite services.

(Code 2007, 27-163)

**Sec. 27-164. Dedication.**

Revenue from the municipal environmental services gross receipts tax will be used for the acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of solid waste facilities, water facilities, waste water facilities, sewer systems and related facilities.

(Code 2007, 27-164)

**Sec. 27-165. Effective Date.**

The effective date of the municipal environmental services gross receipts tax shall be January 1, 2003, unless an election is held pursuant to Section 7-19D-10(A) NMSA 1978 on the question of disapproving the ordinance from which this division derives, in which case the effective date shall be either July 1 or January 1, whichever date occurs first after the expiration of three months from the date when the results of the election are certified to be in favor of the ordinance's adoption and the adopted ordinance is delivered or mailed to the taxation and revenue department.

(Code 2007, 27-165)

**DIVISION 7. MUNICIPAL CAPITAL OUTLAY GROSS RECEIPTS TAX****Sec. 27-166. Imposition of Tax.**

There is imposed on any person engaging in business in this municipality for the privilege of engaging in business in this municipality an excise tax equal to one-fourth (1/4) of one percent of the gross receipts reported or required to be reported by the person pursuant to the New Mexico Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act as it now exists or as it may be amended. The tax imposed under this division is pursuant to the Municipal Local Option Gross Receipts Taxes Act as it now exists or as it may be amended and shall be known as the "*Municipal Capital Outlay Gross Receipts Tax*".

(Code 2007, 27-166)

**Sec. 27-167. General Provisions.**

This division hereby adopts by reference all definitions, exemptions and deductions contained in the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act as it now exists or as it may be amended.

(Code 2007, 27-167)

**Sec. 27-168. Specific Exemptions.**

No municipal capital outlay gross receipts tax shall be imposed on the gross receipts arising from:

1. Transporting persons or property for hire by railroad, motor vehicle, air transportation or any other means from one point within the municipality to another point outside the municipality;
2. A business located outside the boundaries of a municipality or land owned by that municipality for which a state gross receipts tax distribution is made pursuant to Subsection



C of Section 7-1-6.4 NMSA 1978; or

3. Direct broadcast satellite services.  
(Code 2007, 27-168)

**Sec. 27-169. Dedication.**

Revenue from the municipal capital outlay gross receipts tax will be used for the purposes listed below:

1. The design, construction, acquisition, improvement, renovation, rehabilitation, equipping or furnishing of public buildings or facilities, including parking facilities, the acquisition of lands for the public buildings or facilities and the acquisition or improvement of the grounds surrounding public buildings or facilities;
2. Design, acquisition, construction or improvement of water, wastewater or solid waste systems or facilities, including water or sewer lines and storm sewers and other drainage improvements and other related facilities;
3. Acquisition, rehabilitation or improvement of firefighting equipment;
4. Design, construction, reconstruction or improvement of municipal streets, alleys, roads or bridges, including acquisition of rights of ways;
5. Design, construction, acquisition, improvement or equipping of airport facilities, including acquisition of land, easements or right of way for airport facilities;
6. Acquisition of land for open space, public parks or public recreational facilities and the design, acquisition, construction, improvement or equipping of parks and recreational facilities; and
7. Payment of gross receipts tax revenue bonds issued pursuant to Chapter 3, Article 31 NMSA 1978 for infrastructure purposes.  
(Code 2007, 27-169)

**Sec. 27-170. Effective Date.**

The effective date of the municipal capital outlay gross receipts tax is 01 July 2004 pursuant to the election held on 13 January 2004.

(Code 2007, 27-170)

**Secs. 27-171 to 27-400. Reserved.**

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**ARTICLE II. LODGERS' TAX**

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**Sec. 27-401. Title.**

This article shall be known as and may be cited as the "*Lodgers' Tax Ordinance*."  
(Code 2007, 27-401)

**Sec. 27-402. Purpose.**

The purpose of this article is to impose a tax which will be borne by persons using commercial lodging accommodations which tax will provide revenues for the purpose of advertising, publicizing and promoting tourist-related attractions, facilities and events, and acquiring, establishing and operating tourist-related facilities, attractions or transportation systems, as authorized in Section 27-417 of this article.  
(Code 2007, 27-402)

**Sec. 27-403. Definitions.**

As used in this article:

**Board**

The advisory board established herein to make recommendations to the governing body, keep minutes of its proceedings and submit its recommendations, correspondence and other pertinent documents to the governing body.

**City clerk**

The city clerk of Aztec, New Mexico.

**Gross taxable rent**

The total amount of rent paid for lodging, not including the state gross receipts tax or local sales taxes.

**Lodging**

The transaction of furnishing rooms or other accommodations by a vendor to a vendee who, for a rent, uses, possesses or has the right to use or possess any room or rooms or other units of accommodations in or at a taxable premises.

**Lodgings**

The rooms or other accommodations furnished by a vendor to a vendee by a taxable service of lodgings.

**Occupancy tax**

The tax on lodging authorized by the Lodgers' Tax Act.

**Person**

A corporation, firm, other body corporate, partnership, association or individual; personally includes an executor, administrator, trustee, receiver or other representative appointed according to law and acting in a representative capacity, but does not include the United

States of America, the State of New Mexico, any corporation, department, instrumentality or agency of the federal government or the state government, or any political subdivision of the state.

**Rent**

The consideration received by a vendor in money, credits, property or other consideration valued in money for lodgings subject to an occupancy tax authorized in the Lodgers' Tax Act.

**Taxable premises**

A hotel, apartment, apartment hotel, apartment house, lodge, lodging house, rooming house, motor hotel, guest house, guest ranch, ranch resort, guest resort, mobile home, motor court, auto court, auto camp, trailer court, trailer camp, trailer park, tourist camp, cabin or other premises for lodging.

**Tourist**

A person who travels for the purpose of business, pleasure or culture to a municipality or county imposing an occupancy tax.

**Tourist-related events**

Events that are planned for, promoted to and attended by tourists.

**Tourist-related facilities and attractions**

Facilities and attractions that are intended to be used by or visited by tourists.

**Tourist-related transportation systems**

Transportation systems that provide transportation for tourists to and from tourist-related facilities, attractions and events.

**Vendee**

A natural person to whom lodgings are furnished in the exercise of the taxable service of lodging.

**Vendor**

A person furnishing lodgings in the exercise of the taxable service of lodging.

(Code 2007, 27-403)

**Sec. 27-404. Imposition of Tax.**

There is hereby imposed an occupancy tax of five (5) percent of gross taxable rent for lodging within the municipality paid to vendors.

(Code 2007, 27-404)

**Sec. 27-405. Licensing.**

1. No vendor shall engage in the business of providing lodging in the city who has first not obtained a license as provided in this section.

2. Applicants for a vendor's license shall submit an application to the city clerk stating:
  - (1) The name of the vendor, including identification of any person, as defined in this article, who owns or operates or both owns and operates a place of lodging and the name or trade names under which the vendor proposes to do business and the post office address thereof;
  - (2) A description of the facilities, including the number of rooms and the usual schedule of rates therefore;
  - (3) A description of facilities provided by vendor or others to users of the lodgings such as restaurant, bar, cleaning, laundry, courtesy car, or others, and a statement identifying the license issued, to whom issued, the authority issuing, and the period for which issued. If applicable, also the identification number provided by the bureau of revenue of the state;
  - (4) The nature of the business of the vendor and to what extent, if any, his business is exempt from the lodgers' tax; and
  - (5) Other information reasonably necessary to effect a determination of eligibility for such license.
3. The city clerk shall review all applications for license within ten (10) days of receipt thereof, and grant the license in due course if the applicant is doing business subject to the lodgers' tax.
4. An applicant who is dissatisfied with the decision of the city clerk may appeal the decision to the governing body by written notice to the city clerk of such appeal to be made within fifteen (15) days of the date of the decision of the city clerk on the application. The matter shall be referred to the governing body for hearing at regular or special meeting in the usual course of business. The decision of the governing body made thereof shall be expressed in writing and be communicated in the same manner as the decision of the city clerk is transmitted. The action of the governing body shall be deemed final.
5. If the governing body finds for the applicant, the city clerk shall issue the appropriate license or other notice conforming to the decision made by the governing body.  
(Code 2007, 27-405)

#### **Sec. 27-406. Exemptions.**

The occupancy tax shall not apply:

1. If a vendee:
  - (1) Has been a permanent resident of the taxable premises for a period of at least thirty (30) consecutive days; or
  - (2) Enters into or has entered into a written agreement for lodgings at the taxable premises for a period of at least thirty (30) consecutive days;

2. If the rent paid by the vendee is less than two dollars (\$2.00) a day;
3. If lodging accommodations at institutions of the federal government, the state or any political subdivision thereof;
4. If lodging accommodations at religious, charitable, educational or philanthropic institutions, including without limitation such accommodations at summer camps operated by such institutions;
5. If clinics, hospitals or other medical facilities;
6. If privately owned and operated convalescent homes, or homes for the aged, infirm, indigent or chronically ill; or
7. If the taxable premises does not have at least three (3) rooms or three (3) other units of accommodation for lodging.  
(Code 2007, 27-406)

#### **Sec. 27-407. Collection of Tax and Reporting Procedures.**

1. Every vendor providing lodgings shall collect the tax thereon on behalf of the municipality and shall act as a trustee therefore.
2. The tax shall be collected from vendees and shall be charged separately from the rent fixed by the vendor for the lodgings.
3. Each vendor licensed under this article shall be liable to the city for the tax provided herein on the rent paid for lodging at his respective place of business.
4. Each vendor shall make a report by the twenty-fifth day of each month, on forms provided by the city clerk, of the receipts for lodging in the preceding calendar month, and shall submit the proceeds of the lodgers' tax to the municipality and include sufficient information to enable the municipality to audit the reports and shall be verified on oath by the vendor.  
(Code 2007, 27-407)

#### **Sec. 27-408. Duties of Vendor.**

Vendor shall maintain adequate records of facilities subject to the tax and of proceeds received for the use thereof. Such records shall be maintained in the city and shall be open to the inspection of the municipality during reasonable hours and shall be retained for three (3) years.  
(Code 2007, 27-408)

#### **Sec. 27-409. Enforcement.**

1. An action to enforce the Lodgers' Tax Act may be brought by:
  - (1) The attorney general or the district attorney in the county of jurisdiction; or

- (2) A vendor who is collecting the proceeds of an occupancy tax in the county of jurisdiction.
2. A district court may issue a writ of mandamus or order an injunction or other appropriate remedy to enforce the provisions of the Lodgers' Tax Act.
  3. The court shall award costs and reasonable attorneys' fees to the prevailing party in a court action to enforce the provisions of the Lodgers' Tax Act.  
(Code 2007, 27-409)

**Sec. 27-410. Failure to Make Return; Computation; Civil Penalty and Notice; Collection of Delinquencies; Occupancy Tax is a Lien.**

1. Every vendor is liable for the payment of the proceeds of any occupancy tax that the vendor failed to remit to the municipality, whether due to his failure to collect the tax or otherwise. He shall be liable for the tax plus a civil penalty equal to the greater of ten (10) percent of the amount not remitted or one hundred dollars (\$100.00). The city clerk shall give the delinquent vendor written notice of the delinquency, which notice shall be mailed to the vendor's local address.
2. If payments are not received within fifteen (15) days of the mailing of the notice, the municipality may bring an action in law or equity in the district court for the collection of any amounts due, including without limitation penalties thereon, interest on the unpaid principal at a rate not exceeding one (1) percent a month. If the city attempts collection through an attorney or the city attorney for any purpose with regard to this article, the vendor shall be liable to the municipality for all costs, fees paid to the attorney or city attorney, and all other expenses incurred in connection therewith.
3. The occupancy tax imposed by a municipality constitutes a lien in favor of the municipality upon the personal and real property of the vendor providing lodgings. The lien may be enforced as provided in NMSA 1978, fifi 3-36-1 through 3-36-7. Priority of the lien shall be determined from the date of filing.
4. Under process or order of court, no person shall sell the property of a vendor without first ascertaining from the city clerk or treasurer the amount of any occupancy tax due the municipality. Any occupancy tax due the municipality shall be paid from the proceeds of the sale before payment is made to any judgment creditor or any other person with a claim on the proceeds of the sale.  
(Code 2007, 27-410)

**Sec. 27-411. Criminal Penalties.**

Any person who violates the provisions of this article for a failure to pay the tax, to remit proceeds thereof to the municipality, to properly account for any lodging and tax proceeds pertaining thereto, or for violating the confidentiality provisions of section 27-185 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00) or by imprisonment not to exceed ninety (90) days, or both.  
(Code 2007, 27-411)

**Sec. 27-412. Refunds and Credits.**

If any person believes he has made payment of any lodgers' tax in excess of that for which he was liable, he may claim a refund thereof by directing to the city clerk, no later than ninety (90) days from the date payment was made, a written claim for refund. Every claim for refund shall state the nature of the person's complaint and the affirmative relief requested. The city clerk shall allow the claim in whole or in part or may deny it. Refunds of tax and interest erroneously paid and amounting to one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or more may be made only with the approval of the governing body.

(Code 2007, 27-412)

**Sec. 27-413. Vendor Audits.**1. Options.

(1) Option A, for municipalities that collect more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000.00) per year in occupancy tax: The governing body shall select for annual random audit(s) one (1) or more vendors to verify the amount of gross rent subject to the occupancy tax and to ensure that the full amount of occupancy tax on the rent is collected from each vendor thus audited.

(2) Option B, for municipalities collecting less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000.00) per year in occupancy tax: The governing body shall conduct random audits to verify full payment of occupancy tax receipts.

2. Number to audit. The governing body shall determine each year the number of vendors within the municipality to audit.

3. Administration. The audit(s) may be performed by the city clerk or by any other designee of the governing body. A copy of the audit(s) shall be filed annually with the local government division of the department of finance and administration.

(Code 2007, 27-413)

**Sec. 27-414. Financial Reporting.**

1. The governing body shall furnish to the advisory board that portion of any proposed budget, report or audit filed or received by the governing body pursuant to either NMSA 1978 Chapter 6, Article 6 or the Audit Act that relates to expenditure of occupancy tax funds within ten (10) days of the filing or receipt of such proposed budget, report or audit by the governing body.

2. The governing body shall report to the local government division of the department of finance and administration on a quarterly basis any expenditure of occupancy tax funds pursuant to NMSA 1978 §§ 3-38-15 and 3-38-21 and shall furnish a copy of this report to the advisory board when it is filed with the division.

(Code 2007, 27-414)

**Sec. 27-415. Confidentiality of Return and Audit.**

It is unlawful for any employee of the city to reveal to any individual other than another employee of the city any information contained in the return or audit of any taxpayer, including vendors subject to the Lodgers' Tax Act, except to a court of competent jurisdiction in response to an order thereof in an action relating to taxes to which the city is a party, and in which information sought is material to the inquiry, to the taxpayer himself or to his authorized representative; and in such manner, for statistical purposes, the information revealed is not identified as applicable to any individual taxpayer.

(Code 2007, 27-415)

**Sec. 27-416. Administration of Lodgers' Tax Monies Collected.**

The governing body shall, through the advice of the Lodgers' Tax Advisory Board, administer the lodgers' tax monies collected.

(Code 2007, 27-416)

**Sec. 27-417. Eligible Uses of Lodgers' Tax Proceeds.**

The municipality may use the proceeds from the tax to defray the costs of:

1. Collecting and otherwise administering the tax, including the performance of audits required by the Lodgers' Tax Act pursuant to guidelines issued by the department of finance and administration;
2. Establishing, operating, purchasing, constructing, otherwise acquiring, reconstructing, extending, improving, equipping, furnishing or acquiring real property or any interest in real property for the site or grounds for tourist-related facilities, attractions or transportation systems of the municipality, the county in which the municipality is located or the county;
3. The principal of and interest on any prior redemption premiums due in connection with and any other charges pertaining to revenue bonds authorized by NMSA 1978 § 3-38-23 or § 3-38-24;
4. Advertising, publicizing and promoting tourist-related attractions, facilities and events of the municipality or county and tourist facilities or attractions within the area (at least one-half (1/2) of the first three (3) percent collected must be used for this purpose, and twenty-five (25) percent of that amount over three (3) percent collected must be used for this purpose). All such dedicated funds collected for this purpose after January 1, 1996, shall be so spent within two (2) years of collection;
5. Providing police and fire protection and sanitation service for tourist-related events, facilities and attractions located in the municipality; or
6. Any combination of the foregoing purposes or transactions stated in this section, but for no other municipal purpose.

(Code 2007, 27-417)